

Begin January 11, 1960

140 (480)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD EDEN

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, JAN. 11 (AP)—BRITISH OFFICIALS CLAIMED TODAY SIR ANTHONY EDEN MAY HAVE PREVENTED WORLD WAR III SIX YEARS AGO.

AS TOLD HERE, U. S. NAVY BOMBERS WERE POISED TO GO INTO BATTLE AGAINST COMMUNIST BESIEGERS OF THE FRENCH BASTION OF DIEN BIEN PHU IN INDOCHINA, BUT EDEN REFUSED TO GO ALONG WITH AN AMERICAN PLAN FOR INTERVENTION IN THE INDOCHINESE CIVIL WAR.

OTHER ALLIED DIPLOMATS CONCERNED WITH THE GRAVE EVENTS OF THOSE DRAMATIC DAYS IN 1954 PICTURED EDEN AS THE ONLY EUROPEAN STATESMEN WITH THE VIGOR AND RESOLT TO RESIST THE PRESSURE OF THE LATE SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES AT THE TIME.

EDEN HIMSELF GAVE HIS OWN ACCOUNT OF THE HISTORIC BRITISH-AMERICAN POLICY SPLIT IN THE FIRST COPYRIGHTED INSTALMENT OF HIS MEMOIRS WHICH APPEARED IN THE LONDON TIMES.

THE FORMER PRIME MINISTER'S STORY OF HIS YEARS IN OFFICE RANGES FROM THE EARLY 1930S TO JANUARY 1957 WHEN ILL-HEALTH DROVE HIM INTO RETIREMENT. HE WAS FOREIGN SECRETARY IN 1954.

THE CLIMAX OF HIS ACCOUNT IS EXPECTED WHEN FOR THE FIRST TIME HE DETAILS HIS SIDE OF THE ILL-FATED BRITISH-FRENCH VENTURE AT SUEZ IN THE FALL OF 1956--LESS THAN FOUR MONTHS BEFORE HIS BRIEF REGIME ENDED.

"BUT FOR EDEN'S DECISION TO RESIST THE DULLES PLAN FOR INTERVENTION IN INDOCHINA AN EAST-WEST GLOBAL WAR MIGHT HAVE STARTED," ONE OFFICIAL CLAIMED.

"BOTH THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND THE RUSSIANS PROBABLY WOULD HAVE BEEN SUCKED INTO THE VERY EXPLOSIVE SITUATION."

MUCH OF THE INDOCHINESE DIPLOMATIC DRAMA WAS PLAYED OUT A FEW DAYS BEFORE THE START OF THE ARMISTICE CONFERENCE WHICH BEGAN IN GENEVA APRIL 26, 1954.

HAD DULLES HAD HIS WAY, THE UNITED STATES, REINFORCED BY THE KNOWLEDGE OF ACTIVE BRITISH SUPPORT, WOULD HAVE ORDERED NAVAL WARPLANES INTO BATTLE AGAINST THE REDS AT BELEAGUERED DIEN BIEN PHU ON APRIL 28.

AS EDEN TELLS THE STORY, DULLES IN A SECRET LETTER TO THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT ON SUNDAY APRIL 25 PROPOSES:

1. A JOINT DECLARATION BY THE WESTERN BIG THREE, THE PHILIPPINES AND THE INDOCHINESE STATES OF LAOS, VIET NAM AND CAMBODIA PLEDGING TO RESIST BY MILITARY ACTION THE ONRUSH OF COMMUNISM THROUGH SOUTHEAST ASIA.

2. WITH BRITISH ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WOULD HAVE ASKED CONGRESSIONAL AUTHORITY TO INTERVENE WITH THE FULL MIGHT OF AMERICAN POWER.

3. U. S. NAVAL AIRCRAFT WERE READY TO STRIKE APRIL 28.

4. FRANCE WAS ASKED TO PRESS THE BRITISH TO ACCEPT THE PLAN.

AT THE TIME THE GOVERNMENT OF SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL WAS AWARE THE FRENCH WERE WAVERING.

ON THE ASSESSMENT BOTH OF EDEN AND CHURCHILL, THE DULLES PLAN DID NOT SEEM LIKELY TO SUCCEED AND POSED THE SERIOUS RISK OF WORLD WAR.

IT BECAME CLEAR AFTER TWO EMERGENCY BRITISH CABINET SESSIONS ON THAT FATEFUL SUNDAY, APRIL 25, THAT THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT WOULD NOT GO ALONG WITH THE DULLES PROPOSALS.

INSTEAD THE BRITISH DECIDED TO GIVE THE GENEVA ARMISTICE PARLEY A CHANCE AND OFFERED TO SUPPORT--MILITARILY IF NECESSARY--ANY

30.24-9755

AGREEMENT THAT MIGHT EMERGE.

BECAUSE OF THE BRITISH REFUSAL TO JOIN, THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION ABANDONED DULLES' PLAN FOR INTERVENTION. THE KEY GARRISON AT DIEN BIEN PHU FELL.

AN ARMISTICE AGREEMENT WAS WRITTEN IN GENEVA TO WHICH THE AMERICANS REFUSED TO ACCEDE. UNDER THE AGREEMENT THE INDOCHINESE STATE OF VIET NAM WAS DIVIDED, WITH THE NORTH GOING TO THE COMMUNISTS.

ON THE GLOBAL DANGERS OF INTERVENTION IN INDOCHINA, EDEN'S PUBLISHED REFLECTIONS MIRROR THE ARGUMENTS USED BY BRITISH SPOKESMEN AT THE TIME TO JUSTIFY THEIR GOVERNMENT'S STAND.

THE BRITISH INSISTED THAT ONLY KOREA-TYPE INTERVENTION--AT THE LEAST --WOULD DO ANY GOOD IN INDOCHINA.

DURING THE KOREAN WAR, IN WHICH GROUND GROOPS AS WELL AS AIR AND NAVY FORCES WERE INVOLVED, THE BRITISH OPPOSED ANY STRIKES AGAINST RED CHINA.

THE BRITISH SAID THE CONSEQUENCES OF INVOLVEMENT WITH RED CHINA AT THAT TIME COULD NOT BE PREDICTED BY THE BRITISH--EVEN THOUGH AMERICAN MILITARY LEADERS EXPRESSED DOUBT WHETHER THE CHINESE HAD THE RESOURCES AND THE WILL TO HIT BACK.

IN GENERAL THE BRITISH WERE CONVINCED THEN--AND REMAIN CONVINCED TODAY--THAT THE DULLES PLAN WOULD HAVE SET THE WORLD SLIDING TOWARD A NUCLEAR WAR.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID IT WOULD NOT COMMENT DIRECTLY ON THE VIEWS EXPRESSED BY EDEN ON THE 1954 CRISIS.

EDEN'S STORY WAS NOT SUBMITTED TO THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT BEFORE PUBLICATION. BUT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID HE WAS ALLOWED ACCESS TO HITHERTO SECRET DOCUMENTS AND DISPATCHES WITH WHICH HE WAS CONCERNED DURING HIS TERM OF OFFICE.

1645PES

322 (Q)

--17--

PRECEDE BERLIN ADENAUER DAY (350)

LONDON, JAN 11--(AP)--TASS TONIGHT ACCUSED CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OF TRYING TO WRECK ANY SUMMIT TALKS ON BERLIN BY GOING TO WEST BERLIN AND ADDRESSING THE CITY PARLIAMENT.

A DISPATCH BROADCAST BY MOSCOW RADIO SAID "ADENAUER'S DEMONSTRATIVE ARRIVAL IN WEST BERLIN" HAD "THE AIM OF AGGRAVATING THE SITUATION AND RAISING ADDITIONAL OBSTACLES TO THE NORMALIZATION OF THE SITUATION IN WEST BERLIN."

ADENAUER TOLD THE WEST BERLIN PARLIAMENT TODAY AT THE OPENING OF A THREE-DAY VISIT THAT ANY CHANGE OF THE CITY'S STATUS WOULD BE "SURRENDER OF FREEDOM TO UNFREEDOM."

"THE CHANCELLOR SPOKE FOR THE PRESERVATION OF THE OCCUPATION STATUS OF WEST BERLIN," SAID TASS IN A DISPATCH FROM BERLIN.

"THE REST OF THE CHANCELLOR'S SPEECH SHOWED THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT WAS NOT INTERESTED IN THE FORTHCOMING SUMMIT MEETING.

"HE MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT WOULD DO EVERYTHING IN ITS POWER TO WRECK A BUSINESSLIKE DISCUSSION OF THE WEST BERLIN QUESTION AT THE IMPENDING SUMMIT.

"HE URGED THE WESTERN POWERS TO RENOUNCE EVEN THOSE RESULTS ACHIEVED ON THE QUESTION OF BERLIN AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE IN THE SUMMER OF 1959."

ADENAUER SAID THE CONCESSIONS OFFERED BY THE WEST AT GENEVA WERE NO LONGER VALID, HAVING BEEN REJECTED BY THE RUSSIANS. THE WESTERN BIG THREE OFFERED TO CUT THEIR GARRISONS SLIGHTLY AND TO CONTROL PROPAGANDA IN WEST BERLIN IF THE COMMUNISTS DID THE SAME IN EAST BERLIN.

THE BRITISH HAVE INDICATED THEY WOULD LIKE TO REVIVE THE PROPOSAL IN THE HOPE OF MAKING SOME STOP-GAP ARRANGEMENT WHEN THE BRITISH, FRENCH, U.S. AND SOVIET LEADERS MEET IN PARIS NEXT MAY.

INSISTING THAT THE WESTERN BIG THREE AGREED WITH HIM ON THE BERLIN SITUATION AT THE RECENT WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS,

ADENAUER DECLARED:

"IN MY OPINION, NOTHING COULD BE MORE FALSE OR WRONG THAN TO BEGIN WHERE WE LEFT OFF."

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID WEST BERLIN DOES NOT BELONG TO WEST GERMANY, NOTING THAT IT LIES IN THE CENTER OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

TASS ALSO LEVELED ON ADENAUER'S REFERENCE TO THREATS BY SOVIET PREMIER S. KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAS BEEN ACCUSING HIM OF TRYING TO TORPEDO HOPES OF ANY AGREEMENT AT THE SUMMIT.

"HE KNOWS QUITE WELL," SAID ADENAUER, "THAT IF IT REALLY COMES TO A GREAT NUCLEAR WAR, NOTHING WOULD BE LEFT OF THE SOVIET UNION EITHER."

TASS CALLED THIS "A GROSS, PROVOCATIVE THREAT."
HFE1423PES

A125 (380)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, JAN. 11 (AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER DECLARED TODAY ANY CHANGE IN WEST BERLIN'S STATUS WOULD BE "A SURRENDER OF FREEDOM TO UNFREEDOM" LEADING TO NEW DEMANDS AND NEW SURRENDERS.

ARRIVING FOR A THREE-DAY VISIT IN THIS DIVIDED CITY 110 MILES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN, ADENAUER TOLD THE WEST BERLIN PARLIAMENT WESTERN CONCESSIONS ON BERLIN OFFERED AT GENEVA NOW ARE A DEAD LETTER.

THE WESTERN BIG THREE AT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS SESSION WITH THE RUSSIANS AT GENEVA LAST JULY OFFERED TO CUT THEIR BERLIN GARRISONS SLIGHTLY AND TO REDUCE PROPAGANDA ACTIVITY. THE RUSSIANS REJECTED THE OFFER.

ADENAUER SAID U. S., BRITISH AND FRENCH LEADERS AGREED WITH HIM ON BERLIN AT THE RECENT WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS.

APPARENTLY REFERRING TO REPORTS THE BRITISH WOULD LIKE TO REVIVE THE WESTERN PROPOSAL AT THE FORTHCOMING SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS, THE 84-YEAR-OLD GERMAN LEADER DECLARED:

"IN MY OPINION, NOTHING COULD BE MORE FALSE OR WRONG THAN TO BEGIN WHERE WE LEFT OFF."

THE CHANCELLOR SPOKE WITH VIGOR AND EMPHASIS, RAPPING SHARPLY ON THE ROSTRUM FROM TIME TO TIME TO MAKE A POINT.

HIS MANNER BECAME SHARPEST WHEN HE SPOKE OF THREATS BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAS ACCUSED ADENAUER OF TRYING TO PREVENT A THAW IN THE COLD WAR.

"HE KNOWS QUITE WELL," SAID ADENAUER, "THAT IF IT REALLY COMES TO A GREAT NUCLEAR WAR, NOTHING WOULD BE LEFT OF THE SOVIET UNION EITHER."

ADENAUER MADE NO DIRECT REFERENCE TO THE CURRENT OUTBREAK OF ANTI-SEMITISM, BUT IN ELABORATING ON HIS USE OF THE WORD "UNFREEDOM" HE SAID:

"WE GERMANS LEARNED DURING THE TIME OF THE NAZIS WHAT UNFREEDOM IS, AND WHAT A TERRIBLE DANGER AN UNFREE PEOPLE CAN BE TO THE WHOLE WORLD."

ADENAUER SHOWED EMOTION TOWARD THE END OF HIS SPEECH IN CALLING ON HIS COUNTRYMEN TO BE "CLEVER, ATTENTIVE, WATCHFUL AND--SO FAR AS POSSIBLE FOR GERMANS--UNITED."

THE APPLAUSE WAS NOT AS GREAT AS HE EXPECTED AND HE EXCLAIMED: "DONNERWETTER, ON THE VITAL QUESTIONS WE MUST BE UNITED."

"DONNERWETTER" MEANS ABOUT THE SAME AS "DARN IT" AND IS NOT A PROFANE EXPRESSION--BUT IT IS NOT OFTEN HEARD IN FORMAL GERMAN POLITICAL SPEECHES.

WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT SAID THE RIGHTS OF THE WESTERN POWERS MUST BE GUARANTEED IN ANY AGREEMENT ON BERLIN. HE CALLED THE CITY AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC.

BRANDT, SPEAKING AFTER THE CHANCELLOR, SAID POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE CITY STAND TOGETHER TO PREVENT ANY RESURRECTION OF "NAZI CRIMINALITY." BRANDT IS A SOCIALIST, ADENAUER IS THE LEADER OF GERMANY'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS.

JS1047AES

B27 Q

-17-

(200)

GENEVA, JAN. 11 (AP)-SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN, SOVIET DELEGATE TO THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN CONFERENCE, SAID TODAY THE TERMINATION OF THE U.S. MORATORIUM ON TESTING MAY HAVE "A BAD INFLUENCE" ON THE TALKS RESUMING TOMORROW.

TSARAPKIN RETURNED BY AIR FROM MOSCOW AT THE END OF A THREE-WEEKS CHRISTMAS RECESS IN THE THREE-POWER CONFERENCE.

HE TOLD NEWSMEN THE SOVIET UNION HAS NO NEW PROPOSALS TO PLACE BEFORE THE DELEGATES.

THE AMERICAN, BRITISH AND SOVIET DELEGATIONS RECESSED DEC. 18 AFTER REACHING A STALEMATE ON TECHNICAL METHODS TO POLICE UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLASTS.

A POSSIBLE FRENCH NUCLEAR TEST WOULD ALSO HAVE AN UNFAVORABLE EFFECT, TSARAPKIN ADDED. FRANCE, WHICH IS NOT TAKING PART IN THE TALKS, IS PLANNING ITS FIRST NUCLEAR TEST IN THE SAHARA SOON.

TSARAPKIN SAID "WE CONSIDER WE HAVE ALREADY DONE A GOOD JOB, AND HAVE ALMOST COMPLETED THE TEXT OF TREATY. ALL THAT REMAINS TO BE DONE IS TO PUT THE FINISHING TOUCHES TO IT."

"SUCCESS OR FAILURE OF THE TALKS WILL DEPEND ON THE ATTITUDE OF THE U.S. DELEGATION NOW."

U.S. DELEGATE JAMES J. WADSWORTH, WHO RETURNED TO GENEVA LAST WEEK, HAS REPEATEDLY TOLD TSARAPKIN THAT A NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY CAN BE ACCEPTABLE TO THE WEST ONLY IF IT INCLUDES AN ADEQUATE CONTROL AND INSPECTION SYSTEM. IT IS ON THE TECHNICAL ASPECTS OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM THAT ALMOST TOTAL EAST-WEST DISAGREEMENT REMAINS.

RK442PES

A32

NIGHT LEAD INDIA-PAKISTAN (260)

BY WATSON S. SIMS

NEW DELHI, INDIA, JAN. 11 (AP)-INCREASING AMITY BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN WAS DEMONSTRATED TODAY BY AN AGREEMENT ENDING THEIR LONG AND OFTEN BLOODY DISPUTE OVER 4,000 MILES OF COMMON BORDERLINE.

THE AGREEMENT, DISCLOSED IN A COMMUNIQUE RELEASED HERE AND IN KARACHI, DOES NOT INCLUDE THE DISPUTED STATE OF KASHMIR, NOW DIVIDED IN A TRUCE ADMINISTERED BY THE UNITED NATIONS. BUT IT RAISED HOPES THE TWO NEIGHBORS MAY SOME DAY WORK OUT AN AGREEMENT ON THIS LAST MAJOR OBSTACLE TO FULL ACCORD.

THE SETTLEMENT COVERS 1,500 MILES OF BORDER EXCEPT FOR A SECTION BETWEEN THE INDIAN STATE OF BOMBAY AND THE PAKISTANI STATE OF SIND. TALKS ON THIS AREA, A HAVEN FOR SMUGGLERS THAT PRESENTS SPECIAL PROBLEMS, WILL BE HELD LATER. AGREEMENT ON THE 2,500-MILE BORDER BETWEEN INDIA AND EAST PAKISTAN WAS WORKED OUT TWO MONTHS AGO.

IN THE NEW AGREEMENT, NEGOTIATORS WORKED OUT DETAILED GROUND RULES FOR AVOIDING BORDER DISPUTES AND SETTLING ANY THAT MAY ARISE. THEY PROHIBIT SENDING ARMED PERSONNEL WITHIN 150 YARDS OF THE BOUNDARY AND CALL FOR MONTHLY MEETINGS BETWEEN BORDER POST COMMANDERS. THE COMMUNIQUE CALLED ON THE PRESS OF BOTH NATIONS TO EXERCISE RESTRAINT AND "NOT PUBLISH EXAGGERATED REPORTS OR MATERIAL LIKELY TO INFLAME FEELINGS."

IT CONCLUDED THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS REPRESENT "YET ANOTHER STEP BY THE TWO GOVERNMENTS FOR BRINGING ABOUT BETTER AND AMICABLE NEIGHBORLY RELATIONS."

PAKISTAN, A MOSLEM STATE, WAS CARVED OUT OF INDIA WHEN THE BRITISH GRANTED INDEPENDENCE IN 1947. SINCE THEN, THEY HAVE GONE SEPARATE WAYS.

BUT RECENT THREATS TO INDIA'S BORDER BY COMMUNIST CHINA HAVE TENDED TO BRING THE TWO NATIONS TOGETHER.

THE WAY FOR THE BORDER NEGOTIATIONS WAS OPENED BY PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND PAKISTANI PRESIDENT MOHAMMED AYUB KHAN LAST NOVEMBER.

TU445PES

168

(200)

BY C.S. CHIN

SEOUL, KOREA, JAN. 11 (AP)-ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER CHOI KYUH-HAH TODAY CALLED FOR STRENGTHENING OF THE SOUTH KOREAN COAST GUARD FOLLOWING AN ATTACK BY ARMED COMMUNIST CHINESE FISHING BOATS ON A SOUTH KOREAN PATROL BOAT.

ONE COASTGUARDSMAN WAS KILLED IN THE ATTACK BEFORE DAWN YESTERDAY AND ANOTHER DIED LATER. THE PATROL BOAT'S CAPTAIN AND ANOTHER OF THE 30 CREWMEN WERE INJURED.

CHOI CALLED THE ATTACK AN ACT OF PIRACY.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS MADE NO MENTION OF RETURN FIRE BY THE KOREAN BOAT. TUGS TOWED THE 400-TON BOAT TO MOKPO, NEAR THE SOUTHWEST TIP OF KOREA. ITS WHEELHOUSE WAS DESTROYED, ITS RADAR KNOCKED OUT AND ITS RADIO ROOM SMASHED, INDICATING A HEAVILY ARMED COMMUNIST PATROL SHIP MAY HAVE BEEN AMONG THE ATTACKERS, A COAST GUARD SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE COAST GUARD SAID THE ATTACK TOOK PLACE AT A POINT IN THE YELLOW SEA 50 MILES OFF THE WEST COAST OF KOREA AND ABOUT 130 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SEOUL. THE POINT IS ABOUT 35 MILES INSIDE THE RHEE FISHERY LINE WHICH PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE HAS PROCLAIMED AROUND SOUTH KOREA AND RESTRICTED TO SOUTH KOREAN FISHERMEN. THE POINT IS ABOUT 190 MILES FROM THE CHINESE MAINLAND.

THE GOVERNMENT SAID 10 OR MORE ARMED CHINESE BOATS SURROUNDED THE PATROL BOAT AS IT WAS PROTECTING SOUTH KOREAN FISHERMEN IN THE AREA. THE SOUTH KOREAN BOAT WAS ARMED WITH ONE HEAVY MACHINEGUN AND A NUMBER OF RIFLES.

AFTER DAYBREAK SOUTH KOREAN PLANES FLEW OVER THE AREA IN SEARCH OF THE ATTACKERS, BUT THE CHINESE ESCAPED IN A HEAVY FOG. POLICE FORCES IN THE MOKPO AREA AND COAST GUARD UNITS IN PUSAN, WERE PUT ON AN EMERGENCY ALERT.

DB642AES

331 (SEC)

(200)

SEOUL, KOREA, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE SOUTH KOREAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY DECIDED TODAY TO MAKE ITS OWN INVESTIGATION OF THE RECENT HEAD-SHAVING BY AMERICAN SOLDIERS OF TWO KOREAN PROSTITUTES WHO ENTERED AN ARMY BARRACKS DURING THE NIGHT IN SEARCH OF BUSINESS.

AT THE REQUEST OF REP. CHUNG JOON, AN INDEPENDENT, THE ASSEMBLY RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY TO HAVE ITS COMMITTEES ON HOME AFFAIRS,

FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND JUSTICE INVESTIGATE THE INCIDENT AND REPORT BACK.

CHUNG SAID ANY KOREAN TRESPASSERS CAUGHT IN U.S. MILITARY COMPOUNDS SHOULD BE DEALT WITH BY KOREAN AUTHORITIES, NOT PRIVATELY BY AMERICANS. HE ALSO ASKED THE GOVERNMENT TO WARN KOREAN PROSTITUTES NOT TO APPROACH MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

LOCAL NEWSPAPERS REPORTED THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT HAS DRAFTED A PROTEST TO THE AMERICAN AUTHORITIES, BUT IT WAS NOT DELIVERED TODAY.

IN AN EFFORT TO DISCOURAGE TRESPASSING BY PROSTITUTES AND REDUCE VENERAL DISEASE IN HIS COMPANY, CAPT. JOHN W. MCENERY, 34, OF CHEYENNE, WYO., HAD ORDERED THE SHAVING OF ANY PROSTITUTES CAUGHT IN THE COMPANY AREA.

THE TWO WOMEN, KIM SOON AE, 30, AND KIN CHONG CHA, 21, CRAWLED THROUGH A HOLE IN A BARBED WIRE FENCE AND WERE CAUGHT WAKING A SOLDIER IN THE BARRACKS. THEY WERE TAKEN TO THE COMPANY HEADQUARTERS AND WERE SHAVED BY 1ST SGT. ORA CURNUTTE, 30, OF CHILLICOTHE, OHIO, AND SGT. HARRY SAUNDERS, 37, OF KANSAS CITY, MO.

THE ARMY SAID MCENERY'S ORDER WAS NOT AUTHORIZED AND

30.24-9757

RESCINDED IT BUT SO FAR HAS TAKEN NO ACTION AGAINST THE COMPANY COMMANDER OR THE TWO SERGEANTS.

THE SEMI-GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER "KOREAN REPUBLIC", IN ITS FIRST EDITORIAL COMMENT ON THE INCIDENT, TODAY SAID "THOSE WHO TOOK PUNISHMENT INTO THEIR OWN HANDS WERE WRONG," BUT "OUR OWN AND THE FOREIGN PRESS HAVE BEEN GUILTY OF MAKING A MOUNTAIN OUT OF A SMALL ISSUE--ALL FOR THE SAKE OF SENSATIONALISM, FOR APPEAL TO THE PRURIENT."

FD816AES

A52WX

(360) NIGHT LEAD LEND-LEASE

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV SENT NEW YEAR GREETINGS IN A PERSONAL MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY. SOVIET AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL A. MENSHIKOV CARRIED KHRUSHCHEV'S ORAL MESSAGE--AND A COUPLE OF PRESENTS--TO EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

THEN THE SMILING MENSHIKOV WENT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO START NEGOTIATIONS OVER RUSSIA'S LONG STANDING DEBT TO THE UNITED STATES FOR WORLD WAR II LEND-LEASE AID. THE FIRST TALKS LASTED TWO HOURS, THEN RECESSED UNTIL FRIDAY WITHOUT ANY WORD ON HOW THEY WENT.

THE LEND-LEASE TALKS WERE BEING WATCHED BY DIPLOMATS FOR CLUES AS TO HOW FAR RUSSIA WILL MATCH WORDS WITH DEEDS IN THE APPARENT NEW THAWING OF THE COLD WAR.

HEADING U. S. NEGOTIATORS WAS CHARLES E. (CHIP) BOHLEN, FORMER U.S. AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW.

MENSHIKOV, JUST RETURNED FROM A STAY IN RUSSIA, SAID HIS WHITE HOUSE APPOINTMENT INVOLVED "NOTHING URGENT, JUST A GOODWILL MESSAGE" FROM KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS FAMILY TO EISENHOWER AND HIS FAMILY.

A WHITE HOUSE ATTENDANT FETCHED FROM MENSHIKOV'S LIMOUSINE TWO PARCELS WHICH THE AMBASSADOR SAID WERE NEW YEARS GIFTS FROM THE KHRUSHCHEVS TO THE EISENHOWERS. HE DECLINED TO SAY WHAT THE GIFTS WERE.

AFTER VISITING EISENHOWER FOR ABOUT 20 MINUTES, MENSHIKOV SAID THERE WAS NOTHING OF SUBSTANCE IN THE DISCUSSION EXCEPT KHRUSHCHEV'S GOODWILL MESSAGE.

HE SAID THERE WAS NO TALK OF RUSSIA'S FORTHCOMING MISSILE TESTS IN THE CENTRAL PACIFIC.

MENSHIKOV DID ACKNOWLEDGE MENTIONING EISENHOWER'S PENDING VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION AND SAID THE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE SOON MADE FOR THE TRIP EXPECTED IN JUNE.

IN RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS, WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID LATER THAT SO FAR AS HE KNEW MENSHIKOV GAVE A FULL ACCOUNT REGARDING THE KHRUSHCHEV MESSAGE TO EISENHOWER.

AS DID THE AMBASSADOR, HAGERTY DESCRIBED IT AS A GOODWILL MESSAGE OF NEW YEAR GREETING TO THE PRESIDENT AND HIS FAMILY.

ONE OF THE GIFTS KHRUSHCHEV SENT, HAGERTY REPORTED, WAS A SUPPLY OF CAVIAR.

THE LEND-LEASE TALKS GOT UNDER WAY WITH BOTH SIDES VOICING HOPE FOR A MUTUALLY SATISFACTORY SETTLEMENT OF THE ISSUE THAT HAS BEEN A LONG STANDING SORE POINT IN U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS. PREVIOUS ATTEMPTS AT DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS, IN 1947-48 AND 1951-52, BROKE DOWN.

AT THE LAST NEGOTIATIONS EIGHT YEARS AGO, U. S. BARGAINERS SCALED DOWN FROM \$1,300,000,000 TO 800 MILLION DOLLARS THE AMOUNT THEY SAID THEY WOULD ACCEPT IN PAYMENT.

THE RUSSIANS OFFERED 300 MILLION DOLLARS, AN AMOUNT REJECTED AS TOO LOW.

EG632PFS

A64WX

(200) NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER-LEADERS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY GAVE CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES A 90-MINUTE REPORT ON HIS DECEMBER TRIP TO 11 COUNTRIES IN EUROPE, ASIA AND AFRICA.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY DECLINED TO PROVIDE ANY DETAIL REGARDING EISENHOWER'S REPORT. NEWSMEN HAD NO IMMEDIATE ACCESS TO THE CONGRESS MEMBERS WHO ATTENDED.

LATER SEN. EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER, SAID EISENHOWER TOLD ABOUT HIS IMPRESSIONS OF THE COUNTRIES HE VISITED AND THE PEOPLE HE TALKED TO. DIRKSEN SAID ONLY A FEW QUESTIONS WERE ASKED.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS FILED INTO THE WHITE HOUSE LIBRARY AND FORMED A CIRCLE TO LISTEN TO EISENHOWER WHO DID MOST OF THE TALKING, DIRKSEN SAID. HE DESCRIBED THE PRESIDENT AS JOLLY AND LIVELY, ADDING THAT EISENHOWER "HAD A GOOD TIME."

"HE LOOKED FINE," DIRKSEN TOLD A REPORTER. "HE WAS FULL OF LIFE AND ANIMATED."

DIRKSEN SAID THERE WAS SOME DISCUSSION OF THE FORTHCOMING LATIN AMERICAN TRIP THE PRESIDENT WILL MAKE.

HE SAID EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO RUSSIA NEXT SPRING WAS MENTIONED, ALONG WITH THE PRESIDENT'S EXPECTED ATTENDANCE AT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE AT PARIS IN MAY.

REP. LESLIE ARENDS OF ILLINOIS, HOUSE REPUBLICAN WHIP AND SENIOR MAJORITY MEMBER OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID "IT WAS A VERY FINE BRIEFING." HE STARTED RIGHT FROM THE TIME HE LEFT AND TOOK US THROUGH HIS WHOLE TRIP."

VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON AND SEN. STYLES BRIDGES (R-NH), BOTH INVITED, WERE UNABLE TO ATTEND BECAUSE OF PREVIOUS ENGAGEMENTS, HAGERTY REPORTED.

THOSE PRESENT FROM THE SENATE WERE: SENS. LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS, J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT OF ARKANSAS, RICHARD RUSSELL OF GEORGIA, CARL HAYDEN OF ARIZONA, ALL DEMOCRATS; AND EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, ALEXANDER WILEY OF WISCONSIN AND LEVERETT SALTONSTALL OF MASSACHUSETTS, REPUBLICANS.

ON HAND FROM THE HOUSE WERE: SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN OF TEXAS, REPS. TOM MORGAN OF PENNSYLVANIA, CARL VINSON OF GEORGIA, CLARENCE CANNON OF MISSOURI, AND JOHN W. MCCORMACK OF MASSACHUSETTS, ALL DEMOCRATS; AND CHARLES HALLECK OF INDIANA, LESLIE ARENDS OF ILLINOIS AND JOHN TABER OF NEW YORK, REPUBLICANS.

THE PRESIDENT'S SON, MAJ. JOHN EISENHOWER, WHO ACCOMPANIED HIM ON THE TOUR, ALSO WAS PRESENT. SO WERE LIVINGSTON MERCHANT, UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR POLITICAL AFFAIRS, AND A FEW MEMBERS OF THE WHITE HOUSE STAFF.

JA736PES

A63WX

(310) BRUCKER-CHINA

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY THAT U.S. POLICY FOR THE DEFENSE OF NATIONALIST CHINA REMAINS UNCHANGED.

PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE REAFFIRMED THE POLICY AFTER NOTING THAT SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER SAID IN FORMOSA YESTERDAY THE UNITED STATES WILL DEFEND NATIONALIST CHINA'S OFFSHORE ISLANDS AGAINST CHINESE COMMUNIST AGGRESSION.

"WE HAVE NOT SEEN THE TEXT OF WHAT MR. BRUCKER SAID AND WE ARE ATTEMPTING TO GET A TRANSCRIPT OF HIS NEWS CONFERENCE," WHITE SAID.

"HOWEVER, THERE HAS BEEN NO" -- HE SPELLED IT OUT N-O -- "NO CHANGE IN OUR POLICY WITH REGARD TO ASSISTANCE TO THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA."

WHITE SAID THAT UNDER A MUTUAL DEFENSE TREATY THE UNITED STATES IS

COMMITTED TO THE DEFENSE OF FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES ISLANDS.

THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS OF QUEMOY AND MATSU "ARE IN A SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT CATEGORY," WHITE SAID.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS RECEIVED CONGRESSIONAL AUTHORIZATION TO USE THE U.S. ARMED FORCES TO PROTECT THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS IF HE DETERMINES SUCH ACTION IS "REQUIRED OR APPROPRIATE" TO THE DEFENSE OF FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES, WHITE SAID ADDING:

"IT SHOULD BE NOTED THE CHINESE COMMUNIST HAVE REPEATEDLY MADE CLEAR THEY MAKE NO DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE TWO IN THEIR GOAL OF SEIZING TAIWAN (FORMOSA)."

WHITE EMPHASIZED THAT THE QUESTION OF USE OF U.S. FORCES FOR THE SUPPORT OF QUEMOY AND MATSU STILL IS A MATTER FOR PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATION.

WHITE SAID THAT IF THE PRESIDENT DETERMINES AN ATTACK LAUNCHED AT THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS IS AIMED AT FORMOSA, HE HAS FULL AUTHORITY TO USE AMERICAN FORCES IF HE BELIEVES THAT STEP IS APPROPRIATE.

WHITE ALSO RECALLED THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD PROVIDED LOGISTICAL SUPPORT TO NATIONALIST CHINA IN THE FALL OF 1958 WHEN CHINESE COMMUNIST GUNS HEAVILY SHELLED THE TWO NATIONALIST POSITIONS.

BRUCKER'S NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT WAS INTERPRETED AS HAVING GONE FURTHER IN PLEDGING SUPPORT FOR QUEMOY AND MATSU THEN ANY OTHER HIGH OFFICIAL HAD DONE.

JA731PES

A12WX (BJT)

(550) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD SOVIET ROCKET

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES -- BECAUSE OF ITS OWN MISSILE AND NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS IN THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC -- HAS SLIGHT GROUND TO PROTEST RUSSIAN PLANS TO SHOOT TEST ROCKETS INTO THE PACIFIC, TWO KEY CONGRESS MEMBERS SAID TODAY.

AT THE SAME TIME, U.S. DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS INDICATED THIS GOVERNMENT WILL NOT PROTEST THE SOVIET TEST PLANS. THESE OFFICIALS, TOO, NOTED THE UNITED STATES IS USING THE SEAS FOR MILITARY AND SCIENTIFIC TESTS.

"WHAT'S SAUCE FOR THE GOOSE IS SAUCE FOR THE GANDER," SAID CHAIRMAN OVERTON BROOKS (D-LA) OF THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

"IF MY UNDERSTANDING OF THE SITUATION IS CORRECT, WHAT THE RUSSIAN PROPOSE TO DO IS WHAT WE HAVE DONE," SEN. FRANCIS CASE (R-SD) TOLD THE SENATE. CASE IS A MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE.

BROOKS AND CASE SPOKE OUT AMID NEW SPECULATION OVER WHAT MAY BE BEHIND THE LATEST RUSSIAN MOVE. THERE WERE SUGGESTIONS THE FORTHCOMING SOVIET ROCKET TESTS IN THE CENTRAL PACIFIC MAY SIGNAL A NEW GAMBIT IN THE MISSILE DIPLOMACY RUSSIA HAS USED BEFORE.

SOME U.S. OFFICIALS NOTED THE TESTS ARE BRACKETED BY THE RUSSIANS IN THE MONTH STARTING FRIDAY -- A MONTH THAT WILL SEE THE SIGNING OF A NEW 10-YEAR SECURITY PACT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN, AND THE START OF A VISIT BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO INDONESIA.

HOUSE MAJORITY LEADER JOHN W. MCCORMACK (D-MASS) SAID HE BELIEVES RUSSIA EITHER HAS A NEW HIGH ENERGY UPPER STAGE ROCKET OR A NEW FIRST STAGE ROCKET WITH OVER A MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST.

"EITHER DEVELOPMENT IS IMPORTANT IN THE COMPETITIVE RACE FOR SPACE," HE SAID IN A STATEMENT.

THE UNITED STATES IS TWO OR THREE YEARS AWAY FROM HAVING A GOOD HIGH ENERGY STAGE, MCCORMACK SAID, AND WON'T HAVE A BOOSTER WITH A MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST FOR FOUR OR FIVE YEARS.

"WE SHOULD AWAKEN FROM THE APATHY AND COMPLACENCY WHICH REMINDS ME OF THE DAYS UNDER HITLER BEFORE PEARL HARBOR," THE DEMOCRATIC LEADER SAID.

30.24-9759

ALSO, ANY SPECTACULAR NEW SPACE ACHIEVEMENTS THE RUSSIANS MAY SCORE WOULD BE FRESH IN MIND WHEN DIPLOMATSS BEGIN A SERIES OF TALKS POINTED TOWARD THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN MAY AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S EXPECTED VISIT TO RUSSIA NEXT JUNE.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL MENSNIKOV VISITED EISENHOWER TODAY TO DELIVER AN ORAL GOODWILL MESSAGE FROM KHRUSHCHEV. QUESTIONED BY NEWSMEN WHEN HE LEFT THE WHITE HOUSE, MENSNIKOV SAID HE AND THE PRESIDENT DID NOT DISCUSS THE RUSSIAN PLANS TO HOLD ROCKET TESTS IN THE MIDPACIFIC.

DURING THE WEEKEND, FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN ACCUSED THE RUSSIANS OF ACTING IN A HIGH HANDED AND BRAZEN MANNER, AND SPOKE OF "INTENDED MISSILE INVASION OF THE PACIFIC."

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA, THE ASSISTANT SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, YESTERDAY DEMANDED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT PROTEST THE RUSSIANS' PROPOSED TESTS AND TO SEEK SUPPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS, IF NECESSARY.

MANSFIELD SAID THE RUSSIANS ARBITRARILY WERE TRYING TO TAKE OVER FOR A TESTING RANGE 27,000 SQUARE MILES OF THE PACIFIC -- AN AREA HE CONTENDED SHOULD REMAIN OPEN TO NAVIGATION AND FISHING.

ASKED TODAY ABOUT MANSFIELD'S DEMAND, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE DECLINED COMMENT. HE SAID THE DEPARTMENT HADN'T FINISHED STUDYING IT. SPECIALISTS ON INTERNATIONAL LAW WERE CONSIDERING THE LEGAL ASPECTS OF THE MATTER.

WHILE THE POSSIBILITY OF A FORMAL U.S. PROTEST WAS NOT FLATLY RULED OUT, INFORMANTS SAID NO SUCH ACTION IS IN SIGHT.

IN ADDITION TO CITING U.S. TESTING OVER THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC, THESE OFFICIALS RECALLED TRADITIONAL U.S. SUPPORT OF FREEDOM OF THE SEAS. THEY ALSO RECALLED ITS POSITION FAVORING FREEDOM TO CONDUCT EXPERIMENTS IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, PROVIDED THERE ARE REASONABLE SAFETY GUARDS FOR LIFE AND COMMERCE.

THE UNITED STATES FOR MANY POST-WORLD WAR II YEARS HAS BEEN EXPLODING NUCLEAR TEST BOMBS IN THE MARSHALL ISLANDS AREAS OF THE PACIFIC. MORE RECENTLY, THIS COUNTRY HAS BEEN FIRING TEST MISSILES INTO THE PACIFIC FROM VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE IN CALIFORNIA AND INTO THE ATLANTIC FROM CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA.

DEBATING THE ISSUE WITH MANSFIELD IN THE SENATE, CASE SAID "WE SHALL NOT IMPROVE OUR POSITION IN WORLD OPINION BY PROTESTING TO THE RUSSIANS AGAINST THEIR MAKING ROCKET TESTS OVER LONELY SPACES IN THE PACIFIC WHILE WE DO THE SAME THING."

MANSFIELD ARGUED THERE ARE A GREAT MANY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN AMERICAN TESTING IN THE SOUTH ATLANTIC AND WHAT THE RUSSIANS PROPOSE TO DO IN THE MID-PACIFIC.

RUSSIAN ROCKETS WOULD BE FIRED OVER INHABITED ISLANDS WHILE U.S. MISSILES TRAVEL OVER A SEA LANE FREE OF ISLANDS, MANSFIELD SAID.

IN THE HOUSE, BROOKS SUGGESTED THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA MIGHT WORK THROUGH THE U.N. TOWARD AN AGREEMENT ON USE OF INTERNATIONAL WATERS FOR MISSILE TESTING.

JA306PES

A87KX

HONOLULU, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE PRESIDENT OF THE NAVY LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES SAYS IT MIGHT BE A GOOD IDEA FOR U. S. MISSILEMEN TO TRY SHOOTING DOWN ANY RUSSIAN ROCKETS FIRED INTO THE CENTRAL PACIFIC.

PRESIDENT FRANK G. JAMESON OF GLENDALE, CALIF., MADE THE SUGGESTION IN AN INTERVIEW. HE CAUTIONED THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD SERVE NOTICE IN ADVANCE THAT IT WOULD USE THE RED ROCKETS FOR TARGET PRACTICE.

THE U. S. HAS A NIKE MISSILE UNIT ON KWAJALEIN, IN THE MARSHALL ISLANDS, WEST OF THE AREA WHERE MOSCOW INDICATED IT INTENDED TO DROP ITS ROCKETS.

FJ743PCS

A148WX

(280) ADVANCE FOR 2 P.M. EST

CHURCH-NUCLEAR

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-SEN. FRANK CHURCH (D-IDAHO) SUGGESTED TODAY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA JOINTLY CONDUCT A SERIES OF UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS IF MORE DATA IS NEEDED ON HOW TO DETECT SUCH BLASTS.

ONE OF THE STUMBLING BLOCKS TO A BAN ON NUCLEAR TESTS HAS BEEN THE QUESTION OF WHETHER UNDERGROUND SNEAK TESTS COULD BE DETECTED.

IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE SENATE, CHURCH OUTLINED A PROPOSAL FOR A TWO-PART AGREEMENT AIMED AT PREVENTING ANOTHER DEADLOCK IN RENEWED NEGOTIATIONS, BEGINNING AT GENEVA TOMORROW, ON A TEST BAN.

THE PROPOSAL, WHICH HE SUBMITTED FRIDAY TO SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, CALLS FOR:

1. A U.S.-BRITISH-SOVIET AGREEMENT TO SUSPEND NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING IN THE AIR, IN SPACE, AND IN THE WATER, ENFORCED BY AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL SYSTEM CAPABLE OF DETECTING AND REPORTING ANY VIOLATIONS.

2. ANOTHER AGREEMENT CALLING FOR THE THREE POWERS TO CONDUCT JOINTLY A SERIES OF UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL DATA ON HOW TO IDENTIFY UNDERGROUND DISTURBANCES.

CHURCH, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, SAID HE HAD URGED HERTER TO SEEK SUCH AN AGREEMENT IF THE NEGOTIATORS FAIL TO REACH AN ACCORD ON AN INSPECTION SYSTEM FOR UNDERGROUND TESTS.

"OF ONE THING I AM SURE," CHURCH SAID, "THE UNITED STATES CAN NOT PACK UP ITS BAGS AND GO HOME WITHOUT FIRST EXHAUSTING ALL POSSIBILITIES FOR AGREEMENT. WE MUST BE CERTAIN THAT IF FAILURE COMES THE GUILT MUST REST WITH THE SOVIET UNION."

CHURCH SAID THE JOINT TESTS TO SEEK DATA ON UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS WOULD ADD NO FURTHER CONTAMINATION TO THE AIR AND "MAY FORM THE BASIS FOR FASHIONING A MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE DETECTION AND INSPECTION SYSTEM."

HE ALSO SUGGESTED THE TESTS MIGHT BE CONDUCTED UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THAT QUALIFIED OBSERVERS FROM OTHER NATIONS BE ASKED TO ATTEND.

RZ1159AESNM

A75KX

WITH CHURCH-NUCLEAR

SALT LAKE CITY, JAN. 11 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SAID TODAY THAT HE AND SEN. FRANK CHURCH (D-IDAHO) "ARRIVED AT THE SAME CONCLUSION OUT OF THE STUDY OF THE SAME EVIDENCE" ON U. S. NUCLEAR TESTING POLICY.

THE SENATORS ARE MEMBERS OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE.

"THERE HASN'T BEEN ANY CONSULTATION BETWEEN US," HUMPHREY SAID.

"WE BOTH WORKED ON THE SAME EVIDENCE AND WITH THE SAME STAFF.

"I AM SURE HIS (CHURCH'S) PROPOSALS IN THEIR DETAILS FORM REPRESENT AN EXCELLENT BASE OF POLICY FOR THE AMERICAN NEGOTIATORS" AT GENEVA, HUMPHREY SAID.

BOTH MEN CALLED FOR A BAN ON NUCLEAR TESTS IN SPACE, WATER AND AIR; URGED FURTHER TESTS TO DETERMINE HOW TO DETECT UNDERGROUND ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS, AND URGED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD SUPERVISE THE TESTS. HUMPHREY ADVANCED HIS PROPOSALS IN A CAMPAIGN INTERVIEW IN SALT LAKE CITY. CHURCH MADE HIS IN A SENATE SPEECH.

FJ658PCS

A29WX (WHITE & SCOTUS)

(420) AIR POWER
WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF DECLARED HIS BELIEF TODAY THAT THE TOTAL DEFENSE POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES IS MANY TIMES STRONGER THAN THAT OF SOVIET RUSSIA.

GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE SAID ALSO IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS AFTER A PREPARED SPEECH AT THE PRESS CLUB THAT THE UNITED STATES "MAY NOW HAVE A SLIGHT EDGE IN MILITARY MISSILES."

THE AIR FORCE GENERAL GAVE HIS ESTIMATE OF THE RELATIVE POSITIONS OF THE TWO MAJOR MILITARY NATIONS WHEN ASKED WHETHER HE WOULD "RATHER HAVE THE TOTAL DEFENSE POSTURE" OF RUSSIA OR THE UNITED STATES.

"I WOULD MANYFOLD RATHER HAVE THE MILITARY POSTURE OF THE UNITED STATES, AND IF YOU ADD EVERYTHING SUCH AS MORALE, ECONOMIC STRENGTH, AND ALL THAT GOES TO BACK UP MILITARY STRENGTH, I WOULD MULTIPLY MY REFERENCE SEVERAL FOLD MORE," WHITE REPLIED.

HE SAID THAT A SINGLE COMMAND AUTHORITY OVER ALL U. S. STRATEGIC FORCES, INCLUDING THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND AND THE NAVY'S NEW POLARIS MISSILE SUBMARINES, IS ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

WHITE ADDED THAT HE WAS A STRONG SUPPORTER OF THE POLARIS MISSILE SYSTEM, BECAUSE, HE SAID, IT WILL ADD SIGNIFICANTLY TO U. S. STRATEGIC CAPABILITIES AND WILL "VASTLY COMPLICATE THE ENEMY'S DEFENSE PROBLEM."

WHITE ENVISAGED A NEW SUPER JOINT COMMAND THAT MIGHT BE HEADED BY EITHER AN AIR FORCE OR A NAVAL OFFICER TO EXERCISE OVER-ALL CONTROL OF AIR FORCE AND NAVY LONG-RANGE WEAPONS SYSTEMS, BOTH MANNED AND UNMANNED. HE ADDED HIS BELIEF THAT PRESENT LAW WOULD PERMIT SUCH A NEW COMMAND WITHOUT FURTHER LEGISLATION.

WHITE ALSO INDICATED HE EXPECTS TO HAVE A CHANCE, IN TESTIFYING BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES, TO MAKE ANOTHER PLEA FOR THE B70. THAT LONG-RANGE SUPERSONIC BOMBER WAS CUT BACK TO A RESEARCH PROGRAM BY THE ADMINISTRATION LAST YEAR.

WHEN ASKED WHETHER RUSSIA OR THE UNITED STATES IS AHEAD IN MISSILES, THE AIR FORCE CHIEF SAID HE DOUBTED "IF WE REALLY KNOW." BUT HE ADDED HIS BELIEF THAT "AS OF NOW, IN THE MILITARY MISSILE FIELD, THE UNITED STATES MAY HAVE A SLIGHT EDGE."

IN HIS PREPARED SPEECH, WHITE SAID THE NATIONAL INTEREST REQUIRES STRENGTHENING THIS COUNTRY'S STRATEGIC STRIKING FORCE NOTWITHSTANDING "SOMEWHAT FREEWHEELING DISCUSSING ABOUT GREATER EMPHASIS ON PREPARING

FOR LIMITED WARS."

HE SAID THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND NOW HAS THE "ABILITY TO DESTROY THE WAR MAKING CAPACITY OF ANY AGGRESSIVE NATION, NO MATTER HOW POWERFUL, AND TO ACHIEVE MILITARY VICTORY."

WHITE ALSO REVEALED SUCCESSFUL TESTS OF AN AIRPLANE-LAUNCHED BALLISTIC MISSILE WHICH HE SAID WILL EVENTUALLY PROVIDE "THE MOST MOBILE STRIKING POWER EVER ACHIEVED." HE SAID THIS MISSILE, WHICH HE NICKNAMED "SKY BOLT" WILL BE HYPERSONIC, THAT IS, CAPABLE OF SPEEDS MORE THAN FIVE TIMES THE SPEED OF SOUND, AND THAT IT WILL HAVE A RANGE OF ABOUT 1,000 MILES.

EG426PES

B15WX (SEG)

ADVANCE HOLD FOR RELEASE EXPECTED SOME TIME AFTER NOON EST TODAY

(260) B70 PLANE

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-SEN. CLAIR ENGLE (D-CALIF) SAID TODAY THE ADMINISTRATION IS VIRTUALLY ELIMINATING THE B70 SUPERSONIC BOMBER AS A WEAPONS SYSTEM. HE CALLED IT A BLUNDER TO DO SO.

THE PENTAGON HAS ANNOUNCED IT WOULD PRODUCE ONLY "A COUPLE OF" THE FASTER-THAN-SOUND MANNED AIRCRAFT FOR EVALUATION AND RESEARCH. THE PLANE, WHICH WILL NOT BE COMPLETED FOR SEVERAL YEARS, IS BEING DEVELOPED UNDER CONTRACT BY NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC., A CALIFORNIA FIRM.

THE AIR FORCE HAD ORDERED THE PLANE IN QUANTITIES FOR OPERATIONAL USE, BUT THE CUTBACK ENDED SUCH PLANS.

IN A PREPARED SENATE SPEECH ENGLE CALLED THE SWITCH "A BLUNDER WHICH MAY HAVE THE GRAVEST CONSEQUENCES TO OUR NATIONAL SECURITY."

ENGLE SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAS A 3-1 NUMERICAL LEAD OVER THE UNITED STATES IN THE PRODUCTION OF INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES. HE SAID ICBM ACCURACY IS INCREASING TO A POINT WHERE "IT MAY SOON BE POSSIBLE FOR THE SOVIETS TO WIPE OUT OUR ICBM BASES ON THE FIRST STRIKE."

"UNTIL WE HAVE A SUFFICIENT FORCE OF MINUTEMAN MISSILES, NOT YET PERFECTED, EITHER HIDDEN OR MOBILE, AND A FLEET OF NUCLEAR SUBMARINES ARMED WITH POLARIS MISSILES ON STATION," ENGLE CONTINUED, "WE MUST DEPEND ON THE MANNED BOMBER FOR A MAJOR PART OF OUR RETALIATORY STRIKE FORCE."

MEANWHILE, HE SAID, THE SOVIETS ARE IMPROVING THEIR DEFENSES AT A RATE THAT "WILL ULTIMATELY RENDER INEFFECTIVE OUR PRESENT FAMILY OF JET BOMBERS."

ENGLE ADDED:

"WE DO NOT ADVANCE THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE, NOR THE CAUSE OF NEGOTIATING WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON STEPS TOWARD WORLD PEACE BY REFUSING THE ADVANTAGES WHICH OUR TECHNOLOGY OFFERS US."

HE CALLED FOR "FULL SCALE DEVELOPMENT OF THE B70 AND ALL ITS ESSENTIAL SUBSYSTEMS AT FULL SPEED."

SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO), A ONE-TIME AIR FORCE SECRETARY, CONGRATULATED ENGLE AND SAID THAT UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM "THE B70 PROGRAM IS, IN EFFECT, BEING WRITTEN OFF."

"ISN'T IT TRUE THAT THE AIR FORCE DOES NOT HAVE A SINGLE NEW AIRPLANE UNDER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT?" SYMINGTON ASKED.

"THAT IS CORRECT," ENGLE REPLIED.

"I NEVER THOUGHT I'D EVER SEE THE DAY WHEN A SENATOR OF THE UNITED STATES WOULD GET UP IN THE SENATE AND HAVE TO MAKE THAT STATEMENT," SYMINGTON SAID.

SEN. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) SAID IT WAS IMPORTANT TO RECALL THAT NO PLANE WAS FLOWN IN WORLD WAR II THAT WAS NOT "ALREADY ON THE DRAWING BOARD WHEN THE WAR BROKE OUT."

GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, TOLD A NATIONAL PRESS CLUB LUNCHEON, HE HOPED TO PUT IN A PLUG BEFORE CONGRESS TO REVIVE THE B70.

JC323PES

B68WX

95
(120) ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE
WASHINGTON, JAN. 11 (AP)-THE NATION'S FIRST B-58 JET BOMBER UNIT WILL BE STATIONED AT CARSWELL AIR FORCE BASE, FORT WORTH, TEX., THE PENTAGON ADVISED TEXAS MEMBERS OF CONGRESS TODAY.

THE 43RD BOMB WING NOW STATIONED AT DAVIS-MONTHAN AF BASE IN ARIZONA WILL BE MOVED TO CARSWELL IN MARCH AND EQUIPPED WITH THE NEW 1,200-MILE AN HOUR-PLUS BOMBER. THE CHANGE AFFECTS 1,900 MILITARY PERSONNEL AND 17 CIVILIAN AIR FORCE EMPLOYEES.

THE TEXANS WERE TOLD THE 7TH AIR REFUELING SQUADRON NOW AT CARSWELL WILL BE DIVIDED, HALF TRANSFERRING TO WORTSMITH AF BASE, MICHIGAN, AND THE REMAINDER TO TURNER AF BASE, GEORGIA. THE 9TH SQUADRON CHANGE INVOLVES 498 MILITARY PERSONNEL.

LATER THE 9TH BOMB SQUADRON NOW STATIONED AT CARSWELL WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER BASE NOT YET ANNOUNCED.

REP. STEWART L. UDALL (D-ARIZ) SAID HE WAS INFORMED THE 303RD BOMB WING AND THE 15TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON WOULD REMAIN AT DAVIS-MONTHAN NEAR TUCSON.

HE SAID THE 43RD AIR REFUELING SQUADRON, WHICH SERVICED THE 43RD BOMBER WING, WOULD BE TRANSFERRED TO LARSON AIR FORCE BASE, WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, IN NOVEMBER.

THE 36TH AIR DIVISION HEADQUARTERS, OPERATIONAL COMMAND FOR THE TWO BOMBER WINGS AT DAVIS-MONTHAN, WILL BE ABOLISHED NEXT MARCH.

UDALL SAID THE TRANSFERS FROM DAVIS-MONTHAN WOULD TOTAL 2,500 MILITARY PERSONNEL AND 17 CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.

ER146PES

A69

(100)
UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., JAN. 11 (AP)-AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE NEW U. N. OUTER SPACE COMMITTEE GET TO WORK AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.

THE U. N. DELEGATE TOLD NEWSMEN HE HOPES THE 24-NATION COMMITTEE WILL BE ABLE TO AGREE ON PLANS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE ON OUTER SPACE TO BE HELD BEFORE THE END OF 1960.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES REPORTED PREVIOUSLY THAT MEMBERS OF THE U. S. DELEGATION HAD BEEN CONSULTING OTHER DELEGATIONS, INCLUDING THE SOVIET UNION, ON THE POSSIBILITY OF CONVENING THE SPACE COMMITTEE BEFORE THE END OF JANUARY.

THE COMMITTEE WAS SET UP IN DECEMBER BY THE U. N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

BN747PES

118AD

(140)

MOSCOW, JAN. 11 (AP)-ARTIST ROCKWELL KENT OF AUSABLE FORKS, N. Y.,

SAYS WORLD PEACE SHOULD BE SETTLED ALONG LINES PROPOSED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, A RUSSIAN NEWSPAPER REPORTS.

TASS, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, QUOTED KENT SATURDAY AS SAYING THE PROBLEM OF PEACE IN THE UNITED STATES "IS A PROBLEM OF WHAT TO DO WITH FORCES, WHICH, DRAWING PROFITS FROM THE COLD WAR, USE PUBLIC OPINION FOR IT."

30.24-3761

TASS LISTED REPLIES IT SAID KENT GAVE TO A QUESTIONNAIRE ON INTERNATIONAL PEACE THE NEWSPAPER SOVIET RUSSIA HAD SENT HIM.

KENT SAID AMERICANS WANT PEACE, TASS REPORTED.

KENT ALSO SAID HE FAVORS INCREASED U. S.-SOVIET CULTURAL EXCHANGES AND PROPOSED A PERMANENT ART GALLERY BE SET UP IN NEW YORK CITY TO EXHIBIT WORKS BY RUSSIAN ARTISTS.

IN 1958, KENT WON A COURT BATTLE FOR PASSPORT TO VISIT SOVIET ART GALLERIES.

NV442ATZ

BRV

VI 11 11